A CURE FOR A FAIN IN THE BREAST:

As silent one evening I sat by the fire,

My countenance show'd me to be so distress'd That the cause was soon ask'd by my mother

and sire-And I straight way responded "a pain in my breast,"

My mother, alarm'd cast her knitting aside, And began to reflect on the remedy best; Her various prescriptions in order were

tried : But they had no effect on the pain in my breast.

- Next father call'd in a physician of skill-And a hope of relieving me soon he ex-
- But in spite of his medicial pow'rs and good He could not diminish the pain in my
- breast. At length an old lady proverbially wise,
- Became by the happiest of chances our And one day after gazing some time at my
- She enquired, "when I first felt the pain in my breast !"
- I replied, that one evening a visit I paid To a nymph in whose presence all mortals
- seem'd blest; And that from my parting that time with the I had felt more or less of the pain in my
- breast.
- And I added, that oft as we'd since chanc'd My bosom her smiles of all pain dispos-
- And whene'er I withdrew from her aspect
- so sweet I felt a return of the pain in my breast.
- "Indeed !" said she smiling, then thus I ad-Straight the heart and the hand of this fair
- one request, I obey'd-I was favor'd and prais'd be the I have never since felt any pain in my
 - breast. ENITS.

FROM A BOSTON PAPER.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURES. [Our public papers have been long occu-/ pied with foreign and domestic politics, to the exclusion of almost every thing relating to the Arts, Sciences, Agriculture and Manufactures. The mild reign of Peace having now succeeded to the din of arms, it is perhaps a suitable time to call the public attention to our own immediate concerns, and by rendering them familiar to all, afford at least, some notoriety, if not encouragement. For this purpose, we present the following, mentioned subjects.]

FROM THE CENTINEL.

Among the several manufactures which the enterprize, the taste, and genuis of our citizens have within a few years enriched our country, there is no one which excites more interest, or has arrived to a higher degree of perfection than that of the Boston

Glass Manufactory. The beautiful articles of glass is wrought at this manufactory into all the variety of which its material is susceptible, and to a degree of perfection which ever excites the applause of those Europeans, who have had

an opportunity of viewing it. Its Window Glass has long maintained a superior character for strength and transparency, to that of any other fabric on the globe. None of our public structures or private buildings, which aim at elegance, but are glazed with glass of this manufactory, and its use is general in all the cities and towns through our wide extended country. In addition to the Window Glass, there is now made at this manufactory, all kinds of Glass Chymical Apparatus, and Apothecaries' furniture, articles in a high degree useful and necessary, manufactured in a most superior manner, and in quantities sufficient to supply all the wants of our country, and at such moderate prices, as entirely to do away the necessity of its further importation. But this extensive establishment does not confine itself to the manufacture of these articles only; their Flint Glass, as Decanters, Wines, Tumblers, &c. &c. moulded and cut into all the varied forms of taste and

fashion, fairly challenge comparison with articles of a similar kind from any part of Europe; and its goodness and beauty is so generally acknowedged, that its use has become very extensive in all our first and most fashionable circles.

It must be matter of high gratification and pride to us, as Americans. to view an establishment like the one we have mentioned, arrive at such perfection, and fashion, solely by the perseverance of its conductors, and its own intrinsic merit, while those in other countries, require the aid of government, and patronage of Royalty, to preserve them in existence, and are in most nations particularly Russia and France regarded as Imperial Establishments; and considered as bjects of national pride and glory. The writer of this, derived so much satis- July 17.

faction, in viewing the specimens from this manufactory exhibited for sale at their Warehouse in Marlboro' street, that he feels your Taxes in Virginia chartered great pleasure in recommending its visit, to Il those interested in viewing the progress which the arts and manufactures of our country are so rapidly making towards per-fection, and rendering us daily more and more independent of Europe for articles usu-ally imported from thence, not only of use and necessity, but of elegance and luxury.

TO RENT,

The House now occupied by Mr. Young. Silversmith. Possescion given the 15th of next month. P. DAUGHERTY.

Charlestown, July 24.

Wants a situation in a Mill, a young man that understands the business and can come well recommended for industry and sobriety. For further particulars enquire of the printer. July 24.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Informs the public that he has opened a house of public entertainment in Charles Town, Jefferson county, Virginia, at the old and noted stand, formerly owned and kept by Thomas Flagg, on the main street, at the sign of

WILKINSON'S INN. He is plentifully supplied with all necessaries for the comfortable accommodation of those who may patronise him. THOMAS WILKINSON. July 3.

JOHN CARLILE & Co.

Have just received and now opening, at their Store, near the Market House, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

Amongst which are, elegant black, brown ead, and changeable Silks, Crossbarr'd do Bandanno, Flag, and Black Silk Handk'ffs, Black, White, and Pink Crapes, Hat and Bonnet ditto, Cambricks, Leno and Jaconet Muslin, Calicoes, Curtin Calicoes, Sewing Silk, Black, White and Lead colored Hose, Chip, Strawand Silk Bonnets, Shawls, Handk'ffs, Nankeens, Cords and Velvets, Irish Linen and Sheeting, Shirting Cambricks, Cloth and Cassimere, almost every price, colour and quality, with a general assortment of

Hardware and Groceries.

And almost every other article suitable for Town and Country. They will be sold off, on the lowest terms possible for Cash. Charles Town, May 29.

Last Notice.

THOSE who made purchases at the sale from our next door neighbour's paper, and of the property of Ann Eversole, dec'd-alshall feel obliged to our Correspondents, by so, the purchasers at the sale of the property furnishing similar articles on the above- of Giles Cook, jun. dec'd, will please take notice, that their notes became due on the first | for sale at the subscribers store, near the of April, and if not paid by the 10th of Au- Market House. gust, suits will be brought to August Court. JOHN ABELL.

W. & J. LANE,

June 26.

ment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

which have been carefully selected for cash, from the late arrivals this spring. They invite those who wish to purchase remarkable cheap goods to call and view their assortment, which consists in part of very cheap Irish Linens, Dowlas and Diaper, Cambrick and Mull Muslins, Dimities, Double Florence and Laventine Silks, rich Silk Shawls, Bandano, Barcelona and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk and Cotton Hosiery, Shirting Cottons, Calicoes and Chintzes, at Mr. Beeler's Fulling Mill, will be remov-Marseilles and other Waistcoating, Plain ed to Mr. Daniel Kable's Mill, formerly and Ribb'd Stockinetts, elegant London owned by John Lyons, on Builskin, and will Saxony Cloths, Casimeres, Parasols and be in operation about the 25th of this month. Silk Umbrellas, Ladies fashionable Straw The above Machines will be managed by an Bonnetts and Shoes, Bedticking and German | experienced hand, and every attention paid Linens, Knives and Forks, Pen Kn.ves, to render general satisfaction. They are Waldron's Cradling and Grass Scythes, supplied with cards of the first quality, and Scythe Stones, Elax Hackles, Strap Iron. will, with the attention which they will Crowley and German Steel, Queens, Glass have, insure as good work to customers as and China Ware, Susquehana Shad and any other machines in this or the adjoining Herrings, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Mo- counties. It will be necessary for wool sent lasses, sweet Oranges, Almonds, Raisins, to the above machines to be well prepared, Philberts, and Walnuts, Spirits and Brandy, as it will be an advantage to the carding. Port and other Wines, Wrought and Cut | The price for carding wool into rolls eight Nails, Patent and other Medicines, Paints | cents per pound. and Oil-all of which, having been well bought, are now offered at very reduced prices for cash, or on'a short credit to punctuai cusiomers, Charles-Town, June 12.

FOR SALE, An elegant Gigg and Harness. A healthy Negro Girl,

well acquainted with housework. Enquire

of the Printer.

A young man to attend in a store, one who is capable of doing business, and well recommended-no other need apply.-Inquire of the printer, or a note addressed to A. D. will be attended to immediately. Charlestown July 17.

PREPARE TO PAY paper, or specie.

THE subscribers will commence collect-

ng the Taxes for the County of Jefferson, on

he 1st day of July next, and as the Treasu-

ry Department of the state will receive no

lie Revenue-all persons concerned are re-

ney, as no other can be received by us.

June 19.

terms.

quested to be prepared with the above mo-

Thomas S. Bennett & Co.

HAVE commenced the Mercantile business

in Shepherd's-Town, opposite Messrs. Sel-

by & Swearingen's. They have a very

SEASONABLE GOUDS,

elected from the latest importations, which

THEY HAVE

Elegant diaper and damask table Linens

Cambrick, Jaconet, Leno, Book and

Mull Muslins, unusually cheap

Irish Linens and Sheetings

India Muslins

Linen Cambricks, Kentings

they offer for sale on very accommodating

general and extensive assortment of

WILLIAM LITTLE,

Dep. Sh. for Van Rutherford.

JOHN B. HENRY,

ther but notes of the Chartered Banks of

CAUTION.

HAVING received considerable injury from the unlawful practice of persons pass-ing through my fields and orchards, I hereby caution the public against a repesition of such offences, or in any manner trespassing on my farm, us I am determined to prosecute all persons Virginia, or specie, in payment of the Pub- | thus offending, without discrimination. KITTY CRANE.

July 31.

Stray Steer. CAME to my plantation on Opeckon Creek, Jefferson County, about the middle of May last, a brown steer, between three and 4 years old, with a hole in the right ear. and a swallow fork and a small nick in the under part of the luit-appraised to nineteen dollars. The owner is requested to prove

July 31.

colours

assorted

sorted

HALLO! HO!

THE advertising noise has become so great, that it requires some exertion to be heard. Interest leads the world-and esit is the interest of the subscribers to sell goods, they propose to make it the interest of purchasers to deal with them. They now have a large, store of FRESH GOODS, at Mr. Kearsley's corner, in Shepherd's Town, and are seiling them remarkably cheap, where the following articles and many others may be had, viz.

Elegant plain and satin striped Muslins Fancy Muslins of various descriptions Ginghams, and Seersuckers Ladies and gentlemen's silk and cotton

Hose Ladies and gentlemen's white and black kid Gloves,

Silk Gloves. Superb laventine Shawls and Handker-

chiefs, richly figured and plain Love Handkerchiefs Italian and Canton Crapes of various co-

lours Laventines, Satins, and Double Florences, black and other colours

Thread, Silk and Cotton Laces Superfine Cloths and Kersimers Second quality Cloths and Kersimers

Florentine and Marseilles Vestings White Counterpanes

Russia Sheetings

Twill'd Bagging Ticklenburg

Home-made Linen Plated Bridle Bits and Stirrip Irons

A large assortment of Saddlery China, Glass and Queen's Ware

A few elegant sets of plated Castors Cheap Groceries and Liquors

Hardware and Cutlery

Waldron's double prime Cradling and Grass Scythes Long's Sickles, &c. &c. &c.

May SO.

FUR & WOOL HATS.

Coarse and fine Shoes, Knives and Forks, of almost every price and quality, Handsaws and Pen-knives, &c. &c. &c.

JOHN CARLILE, & CO.

Charles Town, June 19.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber, living Have just received a very general assort- one mile from Gen. Ringgold's, on Wednesday the 25th ult. a BLACK MARE COLT, two years old this spring, with a snip, a large switch tail, one of her hind feet white. The above reward and reasonable charges will be paid to any person who will return said stray, or give information to the subscriber, where she can be found. ISAAC ROWLAND.

June 5, 1816.

Wool Carding Machine.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his former customers and the public generally, that his WOOL CARDING MACHINES

JAMES WALKER. Avon Mills, May 22.

WANTED,

Blank Attachments For Sale at this Office.

property, pay charges, and take him away. JOSEPH EDWARDS.

Ladies' straw hats and bonnets, fine and coarse, trimmed and untrimmed Kid and Morocco shoes of all colours Leather shoes, coarse and fine

Parasols of newest fashion and umbrellas Jaconett, book and leno muslins Mull mull and fancy do. well assorted

Shirting muslins of all kinds Coarse muslins of all descriptions Gown silks of all colours, among which are white and black sattins superfine Figured silks in very great variety

Silk and damask shawis well assorted Cotton shawls of all colours and sizes Silk and cotton handkerchiefs assorted Calicoes, a very extensive assortment Embossed cambricks of various colours Linen cambricks and cambrick muslins Silk stockings, black and white

Cotton stockings, white, black and slate Silk, beaver and kid gloves, long and short

Silk lace 6-4 wide, white, black and green Ribbons, fashionable in great variety Cotton lace and thread, and cotton fringe

Ginghams, good in quality and well as-

Bombazines and bombazetts all colours Black goods for mourning in great variety Feather fans neatly assorted Domestic cottons of all kinds

Nankeens, long and short pieces Morocco hats, red, green and black Men's Leghorn hats and suspenders Blue broad cloths, an elegant assortment Other fashionable cloths in great variety

Cassimeres, cassinetts and Florentines Waistcoat patterns assorted Velvets, Velverets and Corduroys Stockingnetts and Bennett's Cords

Irish linens, Diapers and Towelling Ticklenburgs, Burlaps and Oznaburgs Cotton yarn, boss and floss cotton Bedtickings, counterpanes and checks White, red and yellow flannels Sweeping, scrubbing and shoe brushes Queen's, China, a large assortment

"China in complete sets and single Plated, lustered and Japan'd ware Wire and hair meal sifters Looking glasses and flowered paper

Chewing tobacoo, snuff and Spanish se-A variety of school and other books

Writing paper, ink powder and pencils Candlesticks, Iron, Brass and plated Spades, Shovels, strap iron, and steel Waldron's best cradling scythes Bedstead caps, castors, and screws Desk and Bureau locks and mounting

Iron rimed knob locks and latches Double and single plane bits, chissels and Knives and forks, penknives and razors

and a great variety of other hardware, Loat, lump and brown sugars Coffee and Teas assorted

Wines and Spirits, French brandy, Gin Common rum, and bottled porter

and Whisky

dious to mention.

Mills-Grove, July 10.

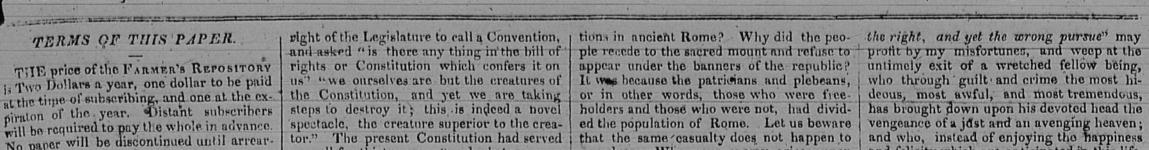
Sugar House and Havanah molasses Best London white lead ground in oil Flaxseed oil, and dry paints assorted Coffee mills, sad irons, and currycombs Frying pans, bed cords, and hat covers Pepper, Allspice, Nutmegs and Ginger

Allum, Copperas, Indigo and Madder Candles, soap, salts, Lee's Pills, Laudanum, Godfrey's cordial peppermint and other medicines, With a vast variety of other things too te-

KEARSLEY & DAVENPORT.

Shepherds-Town, July 1.

CAUTION. THE subscriber hereby cautions the public against hunting or ranging through his land, or entering his farm on any pretence whatsoever, as he is determined to prosecute every person who may be found trespassing as aforesaid, without discrimination. BENJAMIN BEELER.



ages are paid. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent asertion, and when not particularly directe to the contrary, will be inserted until for-

Vol. IX.

bil, and charged accordingly. must be post paid.

ON THE CALL OF A CONVENTION.

FROM THE CONSTELLATION.

In the year 1803 petitions from a few Counties were presented to the House of Delegates, "praying the General Assembly | the most frivolous, and shrink from the of Virginia to adopt means for calling a convention to revise and amend the Constitution," which were referred to a committee of the whole House and made the order of the day for Monday the 20th January, when a motion was made for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the whole, another motion was made that the said petitions be indefinitely postponed. Being ten years ago, as I am now, an advocate for the revision and amendment of our state Constitution, I then prepared the following synopsis, or condensed summary of the arguments for and against the posponement taken from the columns of the Enquirer, for publication in the Winchester newspapers, with the view of calling the attention of the people in this section of the state to the important subject of calling a convention: but on maturely considering the force of the objection " that our prospects abroad were then cloudy" the communication was laid aside and its publication abandoned: However as that objection no longer exists, and the subject of a Convention has now assumed such general interest, I think its appearance in the public the arguments urged on the same occasion in ° J. W. the year 1816.

beyond any other the enjoyments of com- the proposition to their consideration." plete sunshine.

It would be impossible to assemble a convention for the purpose of revising the constitution without raising a considerable ferment; it was "Idle to grasp at perfection;" under the present Constitution the people were contented and happy; some men were to be sure fond of change but this fondness was as yet confined to their own bosoms, the people at large had not partaken of it; there might be some defects but it was impossible to get clear of them altogether; if a door for amendments were opened perhaps we should not be able to retain a single feature of the present constitution : those who framed it at first were pure and enlightened men, then assembled at a favorable time, could we now expect more able framers or a more propitious period.

As a human institution the Constitution must be imperfect, but it had proved salutary in its operation; when the grand desiderata of government are secured, let us not quibble about minutia, for government, is at best an evil imposed on us by our vices: Why hazard the experiment; it was a dangerous one: We were all equal, we were happy; the liberty of the press, trial by jury, and religion are secured by the present Constitution, why then hazard certain blessings for those which a new system may produce, but the dangers and consequences of which cannot be forescen ; It should never be done by our ordinary legislature, we should be warned by the experience of Pennsylvania, until the people themselves call for an amendment to the constitution, until they demand a convention, the legislature ought not to interfere.

Why was the question agitated now? had the great body of the people petitioned? No! the petition in fact comes from two solitary Counties: shall the legislature presume to act without the consent of the people? If the people were now assembled here, I have no doubt (said a member) but they would be opposed to a change of the Constitution. Constitutions ought to be held sa-cred, ours had carried us through a severe and difficult struggle, the right of suffrage was easily obtained. Land was plenty and cheap, and he that would not give fifty shillings, or perhaps fifty dollars for this in-

and not imitate him, who being well, wished to be better, took physic and died."

Digitized by Harpers Ferry National Historical Park under grant from Harpers Ferry Historical Assoc.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1816.

On the other side of the House the advocates for the call of a Convention expressed their surprise and astonishment at the motion for postponement; should the legislature devote its whole time to enacting laws

How will the people understand the defects of their constitution; how are they to be impressed with the necessity of a reform, unless the proposition was fairly met and fully investigated? Whence arose the danger of examining the Constitution, and convening a convention? Were gentlemen a-fraid that like the Roman Decemvirs they property? Still they are endowed with equal would declare their sittings permanent, and their powers unlimited? Against all these usurpations, we had a bulwark that would never fail us, in the information and intelligence of the people. The legislature itself sat under the authority of the people, and no one could deny but the assembly then sitting had the power to divide the money in the treasury, and every other species of public property among themselves: Why was | tinct local interest; for this argument equalsuch a scene not exhibited here? It was because no man would dare to make such a proposition; The public indignation, the controuling integrity of the majority of the people was prepared to cover such a wretch with endless ruin. Why then should we prints will not be unseasonable; more cape | dread the 'assembling of a convention? sially as the arguments urged against the Would the superior value of the trust recall of a convention in the year 1806 are, posed in that body, diminish the care and both in substance and form, very much like discernment of the people in their selection? it was believed the contrary would be the fact, and should a convention ever be sum-Those who advocated the motion for post- moned we might expect that another crisis ponement "were opposed to calling a con- | would arrive, whose termination would rention at that time, upon account of our | serve to strengthen the principles of a repub political relations; our prospects abroad lican government and increase our confiwere then cloudy, and a revision, such as dence in the wisdom and virtue of our felthe present question contemplated, required low citizens, and, let us then at once submit tible of salutary improvement in their organ- soul was to take its flight to unknown re-

Among the defects of our present constitution it was contended that the depriving a large portion of our fellow citizens of the right of suffrage, was an arbitrary and cruel oppression; and the more so as it was at variance with the bill of rights, which declares that "men cannot be deprived of their property for public uses without their own consent or that of their representatives so elected, nor bound by any law to which they have not in like manner assented, for public good." And yet the Constitution is in direct violation of these political truths; that it could scarcely now be admitted, and pos terity will never believe that the same men who drafted the one established the other ; That men who are deprived of the privilege of electing representatives, are as much enslaved as those unfortunate beings who in habit the Turkish Empire: If they enjoy more personal liberty; if they suffer less vexations in the management of their pro perty; it is because their Masters are more ndulgent, and not because they are less ab solute: No doubt it was right that society chould demand some "evidence of Common interest with, and attachment to the community," the qualifications of age, color, and sex, were no doubt indispensable; but why should this pledge consist in property? or why should one species of property be prefered to another? Could there be a more rational pledge of attachment to the community than birth? It is birth that engenders the indescribable sensation called patrotism. The poor landless Virginian feels more real love for this his native country, than the wealthy foreigner who has spread his titles over an extensive soil; yet while the latter is admitted to all the rights of citizenship, the former is excluded: If indeed we had no confidence in the attachment of these people to their native country, why it was asked, in time of the utmost peril, when we are threatened with invasion or domestic convulsion, do you call forth, arm, and embody them, for the public defence? Are you not afraid to trust them with weapons, which may be turned against yourselves ? The idea was abhorrent, it was monstrous injustice; to say to the soldier who had impaired his constitution, wasted his fortune, and spilt lege. One member (Gen. Minor) questioned the presentative," What produced the dissen-One member (Gen. Minor) questioned the presentative, What produced the dissen-One member (Gen. Minor) questioned the presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, What produced the dissen-of the dissen-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of Titho-the trusted even with the election of a re-presentative, and returned to the bed of the bed of

right of the Legislature to call a Convention, 1 tions in ancient Rome? Why did the peo- the right, and yet the wrong pursue" may and asked "is there any thing in the bill of | ple recede to the sacred mount and refuse to | profit by my misfortunes, and weep at the No paper will be discontinued until arrear- tor." The present Constitution had served that the same casualty does not happen to and who, instead of enjoying the happiness us well for thirty years "and what may we ourselves: When our enemy arises upon and felicity which are anticipated in this life, expect when we are set afloat, and left to us, when the landless citizen is enlisted in is about to depart to the world of spirits. the uncontrouled discretion of a convention? | our ranks, to fight the battles of his country, | and "make his peace with those who were We might expect Mr. Speaker a wretched | let us beware that like the ancient plebeans, | before the flood !" He rests his only hope piece of patch work." "Let us not then he may not retire to some sacred mountain on the forbearance and all-atoning mercy of without the wish of the great body of the | and refitise to resist the enemy. "You have | the Saviour of sinners. people, on the ill supported petition of two denied us (he may say) the right of suffrage; I was born in Ireland, in the town of Sli or three counties, jeopardize this valuable you have divided among you the honors and go, of respectable and worthy parents, who chooses to treat us as her children by admit- father. Samuel Smith, was a merchant of ting us to share in the benefits of our birth- good standing, whose affairs were supposed right; she may then expect us to appear in | by his friends to be prosperous, until the the haughty land-holder go forth to defend | ed him to the alternative of insolvency,

> The organization of the legislature itself, it was contended, was liable to many weighty Bhortly after his failure my father died, objections, and not the least of its defects is at which time I was in my infancy, and I discussion of principles, upon which the li-berties and happiness of the people depend! that it violates that great principle of a re-that it violates that great principle of a re-was left with "no father's guardian hand to publican government, that the majority maintain me in the paths of virtue." About ought to prevail. To say nothing of the one year afterwards my mother again mardivision of interest produced by the Blue | ried, and I left the land of my nativity, and Ridge, to say nothing of the comparative influence in this House by the people on tiris-or that side of the mountain, are not our representation in the Legislature. "We have reduced the representation of each county to a standard not less arbitrary and uni- | duct in life which are enjoined by the dicform than the fabled bed of Procrustes: and | tates of paternal affection, and the precepts whatever be its size, we allow it not more of parental love. I was emphatically nor less than two representatives. It was vain to say that these smaller counties were equally diffused through the state, and therefore incapable of combining into any disly applies in favor of the rotten boroughs of | hardly expanded .-- I have had my expecta-England. And was any republican prepared to justify the check which they impose upon the will of the majority in England?

Consider too the defective organization of the Senate under the present constitution; that body does by no means represent the public will. It had been said that one senator represented as large a number of inhasenatorial influence in proportion to their

members as the inhabitants to the westward. The Executive and Judiciary departments with sovereignty? Or who refuses to allow them to retrench the principles of their political fabric?

In reply to Gen. Minor's constitutional obsolution passed the legislature recommending the election of members to serve in convention, to ratify or reject the Federal Constitution, and this act had been sanctioned by

should lose the benefits of improvement, by tenaciously adhering to old errors: When it was proposed to abolish the old confederation, Patrick Henry exclaimed "We are about to rebel, to become dissatisfied with | have lived to be a comfort to my relatives! our old King Log, and pray to Jupiter for a stork that will devour us;" but every man tune-the golden assurances of every thing feels the superior blessings of the present gothe question the motion for postponement prevailed Ayes 98, Noes 58.

CONFESSION.

Lieut. Richard Smith, Who is now under sentence of death for the

murder of Capt. John Carson.

I, RICHARD SMITH, being about to take

15 All communications to the Effitor instrument by setting it afloat on a sea of the treasure of the government. Fight once rolled in wealth, and "basked in the uncertainty. We are well, so let us remain, then your own battles: When our country sunny beam" of luxury and grandeur. My the defence of her rights: but till then let | fluctuations and uncertainties of trade reducwhen his property was conveyed to the be-nelit of his creditors.

was conveyed to this country. Alas!

-" No mother's care

Shielded my infant innocence with prayer. At the age of three years I was sent forth into the world destitute of that affectionate care, and that concern for my future con-"launched into life without an oar." and my untimely fate speaks in a voice of thunder to the ears of unheeding and inattentlye parents. I am but a youth, alas! to be cut down before the blossoms of manhood have tions of earthly felicity; but the beams of hope cannot now irradiate the gloomy confines of my solitary cell !!-But a few days, and my thread of life is spun! and a disgraceful and ignominious death is the reward of wickedness the most awful!

But to return to my narrative-Shortly after I arrived in Philadelphia, I was placed bitants beyond the Blue Ridge, as on this side | at school in Germantown, where I remained of it: In other words the inhabitants to the about four years, under the protection of a east of the mountain, have six times as much | relative, and made proficiency in those studies which are first pursued by youth. Nothing remarkable was then evinced which could afford a suspicion, that I was to be of our state government also passed in review, | doomed to the most execrable of deaths; and it was contended that both were suscep- that raised between heaven and earth, my ization. If, as some gentlemen contended, gions; or that an uncommon share of infathe constitution required no amendment, my awaited my footsteps. At the age of sescrutiny need not be feared, and examination | ven years I left Germantown, and was placwould only establish the fact: Did they sup- | ed under the protection of my uncle the hon. pose that society is to be always stationary | Daniel Clarke, of New-Orleans. The great and the science of government never to be | wealth and honourable distinction of my progressive? How can any man call himself | uncle, served to raise me from the more ora republican who fears to trust the people | dinary paths of life, and as I advanced in years, I believed myself at liberty to tread beneath my feet the more humble worms of the dust .- For several years kindness and plenty showered their blessing upon me, jection, it was answered that the right was | and I rioted incautious in all the plentitude already settled by precedent. In 1788 a re- | and extravagance of vice the most odious and

detestable.

My uncle, who had made me his son by adoption, endeavored to restrain me in my licentious course, and effect my return to the people; and those who contend that eve- virtuous habits. Wild and overbearing in ry change effected in government must be disposition and ungovernable in temper, I permitted by some clause in the constitu- felt that my will was my only guide, and tion, will find it difficult to account for the spurned with disdain the wholesome lessons existence of the instrument under which we | which an affectionate benefactor endeavored -alas! how vainly !--- to impress upon the Has it been forgotion that every state in stubborn heart of an unheeding libertine ! I the Union has called a convention and form- | gave loose to the reins of every dissipation : ed a political fabric, and that some which | and embraced with the utmost adoration, were defective have been changed for the | every shadow of human bliss, and grasped better; The science of politics is progres- at pleasure which had no reality except in sive and it was preposterous that society | name. Thus passed the days of my youth, which had they been devoted to innocent pursuits might have laid the foundation of a good old age, and instead of my sun "setting in the morning of my days" I might

requisite to my happiness in life, if I would vernment, and notwithstanding these alarm- | desert the society of wickedness-had no efing predictions the country is more secure | fect on my previous determination. Sailing and prosperous than formerly. On taking | in the stream of a pleasing delusion, vice at last succeeded to crime, and I was banished from the abode of my only benefactor and friend and was compelled to seek without satisfaction. that support from fortune, which the hand of affection had so liberally bestowed. The voice of my protector still followed me, with offers of forgiveness on promised amendment, which were gladly embraced, and I again returned to receive the welcome and embraces of my uncle.

Notwithstanding my promises of reformation, the sun rose to view new deeds of misconduct, and returned to the bed of Titho-

as brought to my view the pleasures of dissigntion, which to me had become as second nature, I forgot what I owed to the kindness and clemency of my benefactor and friend: I will not relate the particular circumstances and scenes of my life with which I have been intimate-suffice it to say, a particular detail would chill, the soul and exhaust the patience of the reader.

At the age of 18, I left the abode of my uncle and repaired to the city of Washington, where I was honoured with an introduction to the scoretary at war, through the kind agency of the Hon. James Brown, senator in congress from Louisiana. 1 applied for the commission of a subaltern, and on the third day of May 1813, received the appointment of lieut, in the 23d regiment of in fantry, at that time commanded by Col. Brown, but which was afterwards consolidated with the 6th regiment, under the com mand of Col. Miller. Shortly after entering the army, I had the satisfaction to be I belonged. An unfortunate occurrence, however tended to render my situation for a time peculiarly unpleasant. Lieut. Burr, of the same regiment was also appointed adwhich was followed by a duel fought at | were both wounded. The consequence, however, was, that lieut. Burr resigned his commission.

From the period of my commencement in the service of my country, until the time when the army was disbanded," I was incessantly engaged. At the capture of Fort George, I had the gratification of being presented with the thanks of my commanding officer, as well as the thanks of general Gaines, and others, for the services which I had rendered on various occasions. While in the army my benefactor and relative departed this life, and a fortune, which I had calculated on enjoying, was bequeathed to another; which afforded me an exemplification of the futility of our hopes, and the vanity of earthly expectations.

After the army was disbanded, I came to Philadelphia, where, alas! I met with her who is the cause of my present misery. I will not attempt to describe the arts and intrigues which were practised to induce me to take this evil woman to my bosom; a wo- tensive scales; one paper mill, one carding man who is versed in all the wiles and ma- machine, three cotton and woollen manufacchinations of that diabolical spirit which pos- tories, in the neighboring counties of Campsessed the heart of the first of her race, and bell, Amherst and Bedford; about 6 miles caused the fall of mankind. O, ye youth! E. by S. near the south bank of James River, who are wont to be dazzled with the blandishments of female beauty, look at the con- ford iron works establishment, the property dition of him, who but a short time since of David Ross, Esq. There are in the town was happy, and comparatively innocent! The ways of virtue, once swerved from are hard to be regained; and vice succeeds to crime, till the whole heart is wrapped in guilt. Had I known the peculiar situation wright's shops, 10 milliner's and mantua in which Ann Carson was placed, at the maker's shops, 3 currier's shops, 5 black time in which I was seduced by her into the bands of matrimony, her endeavours would have proved fruitless. But with the most maker's shops, 2 tallow chandler's shops, 2 dence is as far removed from the mean, depoignant adversity for a companion, I was tanyards, a number of weaving looms, I venled to embrace every object, and believe due office, 1 post office, 4 book stores, 1 circuevery assertion which had a tendency to al- lating library, 2 hatter's shops, besides a vast leviate my condition, and point to a mo-. ment, even of happiness the most ideal! I brick layers. Of these tradesmen, upwards sighed and cast a

" Longing, lingering look behind," upon that period of life when plenty attended my footsteps, and when I might have laid the foundation of a useful and virtuouslife.

While in this dilemma of mind, the subtle wiles of a designing and inconstant woman, who forgot the ties which connected her to her husband, and banished far away all those incitements which should bind her of springs brought from a considerable disme, clothed in the garb of plausibility and wooden pipes, of several miles in length, and misery border on each other; and that it is but a slep from the height of felicity to that of earthly pain. But the public no doubt, have been made fully acquainted with my enormous guilt; and did they but know all the circumstances which led to the murder weakness of human nature, which they have hitherto denied me.

May others after witnessing my untimely fate, guard against the seductions of the world, and avoid the path which I have unceasingly pursued. I commenced my career the "strange woman," for her ways are as "the gates of hell, going down to the chamber of death !

But a few days longer and I shall cease to exist. In obedience to the laws of my country, as well as the divine precept that . Whoso shedeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed, I shall shortly resign my life to him who gave it !-- no more to imbrue my hands in the blood of a fellow mortal---Oh! how solemn is the thought, that I must soon be launched inte eternity !-- and then, in such a manner!! Disgrace and infamy will attend my name hereafters! O! may my unhappy fate speak to the bosoms of youth, that they may avoid those temptations which have beset me and the commission of vices which inevitably lead to the blackest crimes! And Ol may He, who has imparted pardon to murderers, look on me with an eye of mercy, through the merits of his Son !!!

STATISTICS .- LYNCHBURG.

A letter from a gentleman in Lynchburg. to the editor's of a Gazette in Baltimore. Lynchburg, July 27, 1815. GENTLEMEN,

LYNCHBURG is situated on the

south bank of James River, about twenty miles below the great falls, over which the said river majestically rushes, in its descent hro' the lofty mountain of the Blue Ridge; lies in 37 deg. 30, 26, north latitude, 2 deg. 20, west longitude, from meridian of Washngton; happily enjoying, by means of bat eaux, a navigable communication with the waters of the ocean itself. It was established by an act of the General Assembly of state. Virginia, in 1786; incorporated in 1805; its present extent is nearly about a mile square; lies in the 5th climate; the state of the weather is frequently very variable; its longest days are about 14 hours and 20 minutes: In the vicinity are four mineral springs; the appointed adjutant of the regiment to which | face of the surrounding country appears hil-! ly and mountainous; abounding in fertile valleys, rich pasturages; in many places, at no great depth under the surface, plenty of lume, we are urged to the performance of iron ore is to be found. Its present popula- | our moral duties, and the virtues of industry jutant, it is supposed through mistake; an al- tion is estimated at 3,100, with about 344 and prudence are frequently inculcated. tercation consequently ensued between us, pincipal dwelling houses, as also a vast num- The desire of wealth seems to be implanted ber of other houses of inferior grade, of all | in every breast; but half the evils that socie-Sackett's Harbor, in June 1814, when we descriptions; enjoying the benefits of two re- ty suffers arise from exertions to obtain it by gular established chartered Banks, or mo- surreptitious means. The plain way of innied institutions; one being a branch of the dustry to earn, and prudence to save, is neg-Farmers' Bank, the other a branch of the | lected; while speculation, gambling, coun-Virginia Bank; with a regular established | terfeiting, and fifty other plans are followed line of public stages, between it and the ca- | with the eagerness of the fox-hunter, and gepital of the state, twice a week ; one Friends' | nerally with his success-for, if his neck is meeting-house in the vicinity, of more than 60 years standing, one Methodist church, one Presbyterian church, one Baptist Society, one court-house, in which are held a is prevalent in our country is this, that there branch of the high court of chancery, and are ten who are striving to get rich by their the corporation court : one prison, one Ma- wits, where there is one who is trying to obson's hall, one toll bridge over James River, adjacent to the town, 630 feet in length, 24 in width, erected on eleven stone pillars, exclusive of the abutments, 32 feet by 16 base, 50 by 12 at the top, 22 high at low water, producing weekly, upon an average, about 100 dollars; seven public tobacco ware-houses, in which have been usually inspected, from 10 to 12,000 hogsheads of tobacco per annum; three flour manufacturing mills in the vicinity, upon large and exis situated that valuable and extensive Oxat present, 44 dry good stores, 22 groceries, 4 commission merchants, 4 apothecaries shops, 4-saddler's shops, 3 cabinet maker's smith's shops, 4 silver smith's shops, 2 tinner's shops, 3 tailor's shops, 7 shoe and boot | in the last five years. Yet recollect this prunumber of carpenters, stone masons and of 1,100 of them, including their attendants, were employed in erecting buildings last invoices, consignments, and bank sto year: 6 taverns besides a number of private | think of hearing a sermon on the sabbath, | factory, and nearly opposite the office of the places of entertainment, 2 tobacco manufactories, 5 cooper's shops, 1 public female academy, of considerable grade; 3 others of lesser note; 1. Lancasterian school, 3 other literary institutions, in which the classics, the sciences, and natural philosphy, &c. are taught. Water is collected from a variety to her kindred, presented themselves before tance, and conveyed through the town, in seeming virtue. I suffered myself to be de- for the use of the fire engine, and such of ceived by her incantations, and for a while the inhabitants as choose to prefer it. The thought that I was in the possession of hap- commercial intercourse between Lynchburg piness. I have now found, from bitter ex- and the adjacent counties, back settlements bells rungperience, that the extremes of happiness of Virginia, and the states western of it, are carried on in the following articles, viz. tobacco, wheat, flour, hemp, butter, peach and apple brandy, whiskey, eider, bar iron, lead, in pigs and bars; large quantities of hempen linen, linseed oil, tar, turpentine, of capt. Carson, they would drop a tear at from the back counties; a very respectable ful incentive should it be to every young ments, with all their back buildings, were amount in value of raw cotton, from the Ca- man to pursue his footsteps. rolinas; vast quantities of live hogs, brought I dare hardly transcribe my notes of men in the fall of the year, from Ohio, Kentucky, | in this city, from motives of delicacy. I in-Tennessee, Carolina, and the back counties | tend some day hence, however, to put them of Virginia, and all the other valuable pro- to press for the use of future times. But, try, inhabited by an ingenious, industrious dence and industry have raised many from inand independent race of men. Richmond is | digent circumstances to most princely forin vice, and have approached step by step the depot of all the rich and extensive pro-tunes. unto my present infamy. Beware ye young ducts, passing from Lynchburg for foreign markets, chiefly in consequence of their batteaux descending the river no further. for it pleased me. A young man who acts The merchants of Lynchburg trade chiefly as a porter at a well known and excellent to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk and Richmond. The situation, course and estimated dis-

tances from some of the principal places of note, from Lynchburg are as follows, viz.

Campbell Court house, S. 12 W. S. W. 12 New London, Liberty, (Bedford } W. b. S. 22 Court-house) The Peaks of Otter a little to? 25 the South of West. The town of Fincastle, coun-2 40 ty of Botetourt near W. S

Town of Lexington, Rockbridge county, N. N. W. 12 Town of New Glascow, in? Amher'st county, N. b. E.S. Buckingham C. H. nearly E. 55

N. B. These distances are to be consider. | large number of passengess from Ireland ed not as the public roads run, but in a diect line.

The town is built upon the sbuth side of as excellent as beautiful. A British frigate the river, principal streets probably 200 feet hove in sight, brought the ship too, boarder righer than the level of the water.

The buildings commence near the water's ment. Two young lads from among the The buildings commence near the water's steerage passengers, were seized and torn edge and increase both in number and ap-from an aged father, who depended, on his central or main street; here the houses arrival in this country, on their labor for sup-(which have lately been erected) are three port. The young lady threw herself at the (which have lately been erected) are fire feet of the lieutenant, stated the situation of proof, being covered either with tile or the young men, and of their father, and

It would astonish a stranger to be informe dock was looking with anxiety for the issue, ed that in the year 1793 there were not sweet will liberate them," said the officer, "my more than 5 houses in the town -- [Echo.

FROM THE TRUE AMERICAN.

LECTURES OF FATHER_PAUL.

Throughout the whole of the sacred yonot broke in the pursuit, he finds at the death, that his game is not worth carrying away. In truth, the leading evil that now tain wealth by his work.

Men who have been invited into trade by the former flourishing state of commerce, before whose delighted eye visions of fancy have spread millions, at the return of a ship from a successful voyage, can hardly bear for a moment the thought of abandoning the pursuit, and returning to the slow process of patient industry and prudent saving. But the sooner that an hundred thousand men in the United States come to this conclusion the

The real wealth of the country is the prolucts of the earth-and the increased value of those products by the application of labor, hanging the raw material into the manufactured article of more value.

But it is of little consequence what business a man may follow, he never will obtain an inlependence unless he is industrious, and if by industry he could make thousands, still would he be poor unless he was prudent. The great secret of getting rich is to save noney. There is not a man who would not be surprized if he could see an exact bill of all that he had unnecessarily expended withtestable vice of avarice, as light from darkness. It is not incompatible with every rational and liberal enjoyment, proportioned to

our means. But it is useless to preach to the merchants, - were discovered issuing from some out-buildfor many of them are too much engaged in ings in the rear of Dr. Carter's dwelling and much more listening to a lecture on a | Virginia Herald. Owing to the lateness of week day. Literary men are too consequen- | the hour, and the defective means of giving tial and vain to receive instruction from any the alarm. the flames had communicated to work less than a quarto volume or octavo, several buildings before a sufficient number The ladies are all so perfect, that lessons of : of citizens could be assembled to check their ndustry and prudence-would to them of progress. And when they were assembled, ourse be unnecessary. I must, therefore, so destitute were they of the necessary imdevote this to the use of the young men who | plements for pulling down houses, &c. that may please to honor me with their notice. The story of Benjamin Franklin is too | ineffectual. The flames progressed slowly

well known to need repeating. Without go- and steadily to the buildings fronting on the ing to tales of fiction, to learn the story of street, and threatened the destruction of the the little English lad, to whom the church | fairest portion of the town. Fortunately it

Turn again Whittington, Lord Mayor of London,

we have here an instance of a poor boy, who, by industry. prudence and good behaviour, from catching. The whole row of wooden raised himself from the humble station of a buildings between George street on the

look about you, and you will find that pru-

There is, however, one recent example of house in Fourth street, was assisting me to carry some packages, when observing from his conversation, that he had a bit of the brogue, I thought to enquire respecting his fortune; for there is something in a young The City of Washington, N. E. 160 miles Richmond, E. 100 Irishman, whose heart is not contaminated, but beats in its native purity, so generous but beats in its native purity, so generous and honorable, that I feel an instinctive attachment to him. "I have been, said he, four years and a half in this country, sir. The first year and a half I went to school, for I had not much learning when I came over. I now live at the Green tree without wages, but have what I can make as a porter." And do you lay up money, said I. "A little, (said he) by industry and prudence, and I think by January I shall have two for their prizes. Its contiguity to the Bahathousand dollars to lay out."

, leave, by way of episode, to tell.one inte resting fact. Just before the jast war,

the gaiding in

thers!.

In a neighboring county of this state there lives a man, not more distinguished for his wealth than for his virtues and liberality. He is known and beloved thro' a wide extent of country, and his name is united with those patriots who signed the excellent constitution of Pennsylvania. Industry and prudence have, under the blessing of heaven, given him all his wealth. He came to this country a poor and friendless boy, and his income now exceeds \$30,000 a year.

laying more than common ability, there ruinous pleasure, the whole of his moneyfor his folly and misfortunes.

the inhabitants of this town were aroused

the utmost efforts of ill-directed zeal were had rained all night, and a heavy shower fell at that period, which, with the calmness of the wind, and the most devoted and persevering efforts of the citizens, prevented the houses on the opposite side of the street

consumed.

fire communicated from house to house so slowly, that most of the furniture and goods were saved. We are happy in being able to state, that the aggregate loss is inconsiderable. Most of the houses were insured.

certained. No suspicion, as far as we can learn, exists of its having been the work of an incendiary; and yet it is difficult to trace it to an accidental source. The persons who were desrived of their homes on this occasion, were-Mr. Edward Shaw, dry goods and grocery; Mr. Walter Gregory, (taylor) shop and dwelling house; Messrs. H. and E. Raymond & Co. hat manufactory; Dr. Charles L. Carter, shop and dwelling house; Mr. Peter Spilman, merchant taylor, shop and dwelling house; Drs. Carmichael and Browne, shops; Mr.

privateers have threatened to take possession of Amelia Island, and make it a depot i ma passages, the facility with which small Speaking of the Irish character, I beg vessels can leave the port with almost any

vessel was coming to this country with Among the rest was a young Irish Lady o eighteen, beautiful as Glorvina herself, and her, and began the dreadful work of impress begged for their liberation. The whole sweet girl, if you will give me a kiss." I immediately smacked upon his lips, and the holy contract ascended on the wings of angels, to be recorded in the archives of heaven, and the lads were restored to their fa-

In Foster's Essays, a work, dis-

is a chapter on decision of character, where in this fact is related: a young man in England was left possessed of an immense fortune. Industry and prudence were, unfortunately, virtues he had never been taught A passion for Gambling, among other vices, often led him into the company of sharpers, and he lost by that fascinating, maddening, his landed property, and finally, in the delirium of desperation, the last coat from his back. Driven to distraction, he went upon a hill that overlooks his grounds-his now no longer, with a determination to take one view, and then to rush to another world, to find in eternal misery what seemed to him a relief from his wretchedness here. A spirit of mercy seemed to have met him on the hill. He changed his resolution, and resolved by industry and prudence to redeem the whole. He descended to find employment, and his first labor was in a coal-yard. No difficulty discouraged-no pleasures allured. He marched directly to his object, steering constantly by the chart of honor, and wealth began to accumulate. In less than twenty years he was master of all he had lost, and became as distinguished for his worth, benevolence and virtues, as he had formerly been

THE FIRE AT FREDERICKSBURG.

FREDERICKSBURGH, Aug. 3. About 3 o'clock on Wednesday morning. with the dreadfal cry of 'fire.' The flames house, and Messrs. Raymonds' hat manu-

Owing to the wetness of the night, the How the fire originated has not been as-

Harris Walker, taylor, shop and dwelling house; and Mr. Jamos Health, dwelling.

SAVANNAH, JULY 30. It is reported that some Carthagenian

wind, the ease with which the line harbor + which particulars I have immediately com- | The following address was made by Bold teers, it will be remembered, were one of and also by ship owners. the principal inducements in forcing Spain to acknowledge the independence of the United Provinces.

FROM FRANCE.

Fron Paris papers to June 9th, received at Boston by the ship Augusta from Havre. PARIS, June 6.

The Duke of Wellington has returned to Paris. The British are somewhat dissatisfied with Russia for prohibiting some of her ma-

nufactures; and some suspect that English manufacturers are decoyed to Russia. The account of the death of Marshal Augereau is contradicted. He is supposed to be convalescent.

Prince Blucher continues very unwell. M. Debassyns has been appointed intendant General of the Isle of Bourbon. The sentence of death on Gen. Gruyer has been commuted to 20 years imprison-

ment. At Lyons, Count de Libry Bagnano, has been convicted of passing false bills of exchange, and condemned to ten years hard labor. He pleaded his own case with great talent and coolness.

Victor Moreau, one of the regents of the Bank of France, died May 23. The Marquis de Jonffroy has obtained the patent (as inventor) for Steam Boats in France.

June 7 .- We hear that Gen. Dessaix and Favre have been arrested near Thonon. This arrestation appears to be only a measure of Police.

It is said that four Marshals of France will be appointed on the marriage of the Duke of Berry. Gen. Southam is appointed Inspector General of Infantry. M. Real, Prefect of Police during the

usurpation, has embarked at Antwerp for the United States. At Paris and London a romance has just

been published entitled, "Adolphus, or the youth of an author known by many political works.

The Servian General, George, has arrived at St. Petersburgh.

ing drowned.

A mob of peasants, about one thousand How happy are we to learn that the 15 years since.

Grenoble, Jane 1. The decree establishing martial law in the her city. department of the Isere, has been revoled. Vienna, May 26.

destroyed by fire at Briesen, and many persons reduced to extreme misery.

Venice, May 13.

equadron in the Mediterranean.

ENGLAND AND ALGIERS.

BOSTON, JULY 31.

Capt. Snow, who arrived here yesterday, rom Halifax, informs, that the papers of

LONDON, JUNE 10.

rines are cruizing against our vessels, all be tried, please God, with success."

of Fernandina may be fortified, and the municated to all my Vice Censuls on the Susop, the Indian, who is now in confineabort distance within which naval stores can coast, and desired them not to despatch any ment at Castine, to await his trial for the be had to any extent, render the position ship's papers until further information is re- marder of Mr. Knight, of Bangor, to the better "calculated for investing the Spanish ceived, unless the Captains insist thereon at court, by which he was examined at the lat-West-Indies, than any other in the domi-, their own risk: in which case to give you ter place. He was impressed with the idea nions of Spain. If the Carthagenians take advice of the particulars of the vessel, cargo, that they were about to kill him -- and did the place, and use prudent means to retain &c. The measure, although without in- not like being hung-nor did he want to go it, they will do much towards the independ- structions relative to this unforseen event, to Castine, fearing he should not be buried ence of their country. The Dutch privat will, I flatter myself be approved at Lloyd's, in his native town. -"I am, truly, your obed't humble serv't,

"P. C. TUPPER, &c. "To Mr. JOHN BENNETT, June.

from Lisbon, dated June 12th, which say, Advices from respectable sources in the Mediterranean, state, that Algiers has made Now, gentlemen any body shoot me here, I war on the English, and captured two or will pay them money-and be much obliged three English vessels."

THE REPOSITORY.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14.

A noble enterprize-It is reported and beleved that a distinguished barrister of New-York, together with capt. Bunker of the steam packet Fulton, have resolved to cross the Atlantic to England, and proceed hence to Russia in the new steam-boat-This grand undertaking, we understand, is in fulfilment or acceptance of a contract offered to Mr. Fulton by the emperor of Russia, allowing him the exclusive navigation of Steam Boats in the Russian empire for to say, he has every article in common use. 25 years. As the vessel is built as substan- He has also a variety of other articles, part tial and strong as a sloop of war, little or no boubt is entertained by naval men of the practicability of the attempt. We are deighted with the prospect of a Steam Boat propelled across the Atlantic ocean, by Americans "the first." There is no doubt of the expedition; it is determined; and, since rumor is busy on the subject, we make free to mention that Mr. Colden is the gentleman alluded to. Columbian.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New-Orleans to his friend in Baltimore, dated July 14.

"The steam boat Vesuvius, being very heavy loaded with merchandize, was burnt up last night, between 11 and 12 o'clock. She was to have started up the river next morning, and in consequence was anchored anecdotes found in the papers of an unknown | out some distance which saved the shipping. person, and published by Benjamin de Con-stant. This romance contains the history of mount of 200,000 dollars was destroyed. Fortunately no lives were lost." Tel.

PETERSBURG

When Petersburg last fell a prey to fire, Near Berlin, a soldier, distracted by re- every generous heart sympathised in her jected love, attempted to drown himself, but distresses-It was the distress of a sister; at the moment of perishing was saved, and the distress of a city, as distinguished for afterwards put under guard to prevent his her private hospitalities as for her public intention; but he in a short time escaped, spirit. But no one apprehended that the and ran towards the river. A comrade pur- blow was a mortal one. It was well known sued him, found himself distanced, and then that her sons were made of too stern and called to the unfortunate, and threatened to masculine a stuff to sink beneath their misshoot him if he did not return-the man im fortunes. It was predicted by every one, mediately faced to the right about, the fear who knew her, that she would rise more of being killed overcoming the desire of be- resplendent from her fall-like the vigorous photenix rising from her ashes.

in number, have destroyed the rice fields in predictions are already accomplished - that the neighborhood of Bologna, in Italy, un- the wooden frames of aged huts are already der pretence that they poisoned the air. replaced by brick houses of elegant appear-The cultivation of rice was introduced about | ance -that a street which was lately her own scorn and laughing stock, is now the best boast and most beautiful ornament of

Such is the account of the hasty traveller who passed through it the other day, and On the first of this month 50 houses were sentation is completely confirmed by the folwas struck with what he saw. His reprelowing extract from the Petersburg Mercantile Advertiser of Monday last:

"Since the fire, our population has great-The dis ontented here continue their en. ly increased, and we are authorised to state deavours to produce commotions. Every that since that period more than one hunmorning incendiary bills are discovered on dred brick buildings have been erected and are now erecting in town-most of them are large and elegant-and already com-The Dutch have added two vessels to their pleted or nearly so; and there are now contracts made for the laying of more than 3,000,000 bricks during the present season." Compiler.

From the Asiatic Journal of March, 1816. HYDROPHOEIA,

[Cured by vinegar, communicated in a letter from a gentleman at Venice to his that place of the 20th inst. contained an friend in London.] 'If you were here, you official account of the renewal of hostilities between Algiers and Great Britain: and of very made at Unida, the capital of Friuli, a hand, and may be had at the Fountain e capture of three English vessels by the small province belonging to this republic. The discovery is this; a poor man lying un-The following articles from an English der the frightful tortures of the hydropho aper of the 10th June, corroborates this re- bia, was cured with some draughts of vinegar given him by mistake, instead of another potion. A physician of Padua called Information has this moment been receiv- Count Sonissa, got intelligence of it at ed at LLOYD's from P. C. TUPPER, Esq. his Udina, and tried the same remedy upon a Mijesty's Consul General at Barcelona, and patient that was bro't to the Padua Hospital. Agent for Lloyd's, dated the 29th May, an- administering him a pound of vinegar in the ouncing-That on the 16th May an En- morning, another at noon, and a third at lish brig, loading at Oran, was seized by sunset, and the man was speedily and perhe Moors, and, with the English Vice- feetly cured. I have diffused through Italy onsul, the Captain and crew, sent to Al- this discovery, by means of a periodical pagiers, by orders from thence; that on the per that I am writing, and I hope you will 7th and 18th, two Gibraliar vessels shared | make it known in England, in the most Oran, expecting a similar doom, had has-astonishing remedy will have as happy an dy left the place, and that three of them effect there as it had here, so I should be arrived at Carthagena, and were the glad to be apprized of it, that I may relate alds of the above news. Mr. TUPPER it in my Decid paper. As you have more ids, "From the above intelligence it is the rambling dogs in London than we have here, eneral opinion in this city, that the Al_{-} it is probable that the experiment will soon

" My friends, now I speak to you what you all hear. Some of you see what my hand do .- Now, 'spose you kill me-you shoot me here :- me ready-me no want to This is further corroborated by letters go to Castain, squee my friends want to bury me at Old Town, and great deal of trouble they all go to Castain to see me die. to them."

He was told by the court that it was not in their power to have him shot, but it seemed to be with much reluctance that he relinquished this favor. He confessed the crime, and says if he is shot, then he pays for the murder, then he thinks he may go to Heaven, but if he is hung, he is afraid of cternal punishment.

New Drug and Medicine Store. THE subscriber has just received a further supply of fresh Drugs and Medicines. Paints, Dye Stuffs, &c. which makes his scribers one dollar. No. 2. terity of the readers as facts. ceived at this office.

FOR SALE.

Ten thousand acres of Land, situate and lying on the Tennessee and Holston rivers, (branches of the Ohio) in the state of Tennessee ; and but a few miles from Knoxville, now the seat of government of that flourishing state .- This land, for the most part, is perhaps as rich and fertile, and well adapted to the culture and growth of wheat, rye, corn, tobacco, indigo and cotton, as any in the state ;- is eligibly situatbounds with the most choice timber. as walnut, locust, mulberry, cherry, sugartree, elm, brech. ash, satinwood, &c. To sell, only one or two thousand acres of this land, is preferred; unless an objection should be made to purchasing so small a quantity, or less than the whole. The title is indisputable, and the terms will be made advantageous to the purchaser. J. A. PORTER.

Charlestown, Aug. 14. Le Roy P. Williams,

OF FREDERICK COUNTY, VA.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he is settled in Alexandria, and will receive flour to sell on commission. He will obtain the highest prices, and the interest of his friends be as pointedly attended to as if they were present. Orders will be strictly complied with. Alexandria, Aug. 1.

CAUTION.

dealing with my slaves in any manner whatout distinction. MOSES GIBBONS.

Aug 7.

Five Dollars Reward. LEFT the commons of Martinsburg about two weeks ago, a light roan horse colt, with a white snip extending from his forchead to his nostrils, reddish mane and tail, shod before but has never been shod behind. Any person del vering the said colt to the subscriber shall receive the above reward, and reasonable expenses. JACOB BILLMYRE.

Martinsburg, July 31.

property, pay charges, and take him away. JOSEPH EDWARDS. July 31.

NOTICE.

THE Collector of the United States revenue and direct tax will attend at Fulton's tavern, in Charlestown, on Monday the 26th "day of August, and at Harper's Ferry on Friday the 30th of August, in order to give one more opportunity to those who have failed to pay the direct tax for 1815, of paying it in such money as the Collector has heretofore received. Immediately after those days the Collector will wait on delinquents at their houses, when he will expect payment in such money as the state collectors receive. The Collector informs those whose bonds, for distilling have become due, that unless they are discharged during the present month they will be placed in the hands of the deputy attorney for the United States for collec tion-and those who are indebted for additional duties on distilled spirits, that as the tax has ceased, it is necessary that the Collector should take immediate measures to close the collection. WM. DAVISON. Col. Rev. 9th Dis. Va. Collector's Office, Winchester, August 12, 1816.

stock on hand very complete. He deems it an historical tale founded on fact-By an Hi quite unnecessary to enumerate the long Catalogue of Medicines he has on hand, suffice of which he will enumerate as follows, viz. Paints and Dye Stuffs, White Lead. Dry and ground in Oil, Spanish Brown ditto. Yellow Ochre ditto. Red Lead, Black Lead Venetian Red Patent Yellow, Red Chalk Kings Yellow, Cromic Yellow Rose Pink, Tera. De. Sienna Umber, Crocus Martis Litharge, Sugar of Lead, White Vitrol, Stone Ochre-Dutch Pink, Flower of Emery Blue Smalt, Powdered Tumeric Vermillion, Drop Lake Carmine, Red Coral Quick Silver Verdigris, Aquafortis Prussian Blue No. 1. Ditto Gum Copal Ditto Varnish First Quality Black Varnish Spirits Turpentine by the Barrel, Gallon, or Bottle Logwood, Fustic Nicaragua wood Brazil Wood Ground Red wood Copperas, Allum, Indigo Maddier, Annetto Alleppo Galls, Heel Ball An Assortment of

Hatters Trimmings Bow Strings, Linings, Bands, Bindings, Morrocco Skins. Miscellaneous Articles. Ladies Dressing Boxes

Tortoise shell Combs assorted First quality Quills Ditto Razors in Cases Ditto Penknives and Scissors Silver Pocket Pencil Cases Ditto Tooth Picks Ditto Bodkins Essence Lemon, Ditto Burgamot

Oder of Roses, Poinatum Tooth Powder, Ditto Brushes Windsor Soap, Rose ditto. Transparent ditto. Wash Balls Lip Salve in Boxes First Quality Wine Bitters,? in bottles. Shining Liquid Blacking 5 in bottles.

Gold and Silver Leaf Dutch Metal ditto First quality Claret Philadelphia Perter & Ale in bottles.

Best Spanish Cigars Chewing Tobacco.

AN ASSORTMENT OF THE First quality English Quills. And a variety of other articles too tedious soever, without my written permission --to mention, all of which he will sell at the Such as diregard this notice, will be proce-Alexandria prices. His Soda Fountain is | cuted with the utmost rigor of the law, withnow in operation, and a constant supply of from Sun-rise in the morning until nine o'clock in the evening. ANTHONY R. THORNTON.

Winchester, Aug. 7. One Dollar Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Charlestown, on the 24th of June last, an apprentice to the Plaistering Business, named

JOSEPH SPOTTS, about 16 years of age, with light hair-had on a dark grey cloth roundabout, and striped cotton pantaloons. The above reward will e same fate; and that 11 Spanish vessels | public manner; and as I am sure that this | and reasonable expenses if brought home.be paid for securing said apprentice in jail, All persons are forewarned from harboring or employing said apprentice at their peril. THOMAS HILL.

> Aug.7. **BLANK DEEDS** FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

PROPOSALS, For Publishing by Subscription, AN ORIGINAL WORK, ENTITLED THE

IRISH EMIGRANT, bernian .- This work will be comprised in

two volumes; each volume to contain upwards of two hundred pages to be delivered to subscribers neatly bound and lettered, at the rate of 75 cents per volume, to non-sub-

The Author of the above proposed publication, in thus intruding himself on the notice of the public, by commencing his literary productions in the form of a Novel-productions of which description are generally stigmatized, by the more reflecting part of the community as having an immoral tendency-must only excuse himself by mentioning that the Novel theme was the only one, which presented itself to his view, whereby he could, in his opinion obtain any degree of public approbation .- And as he has used his utmost exertions in endeavouring to render the historical outlines as correct as possible, has no doubt, but the work will be perused not with pleasure only, for the purpose of passing by a leisure hour, but for the more beneficial purpose of conveying to the young mind, important historical details which may be handed down to the pos-

13- Supscriptions for the above will be re-

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from

Stray Steer.

CAME to my plantation on Opeckon Creek, Jefferson County, about the middle of May last, a brown steer, between three and 4 years old, with a hole in the right ear, and a swallow fork and a small nick in the under part of the left-appraised to nineteen dollars. The owner is requested to prove

The following Verses may not be very new to some of our Readers ; but they are very beautiful, and very high-minded, and must be at all times very acceptable. MAN WAS MADE TO MOURN. A DIRGE.

[By Burns.

When chill November's surly blast Made fields and forests bare, One evining as I wander'd forth

Along the banks of Ayr, I spy'd a man, whose aged step

eem'd weary, worn with care: His face was furrow'd o'er with years, And hoary was his hair.

Or youthful pleasure's rage? Or haply prest with cares and woes,

Too soon thou hast began To wander forth, with me to mourn

The miseries of man.

The sun that overhangs you moors,

Out-spreading far and wide, Where hundreds labour to support A haughty lordling's pride; I've seen yon weary winter-sun Twice forty times return ; And ev'ry time has added proofs, That man was made to mourn.

O man! while in thy early years,

How prodigal of time! Mis-spending all thy precious hours, Thy glorious youthful prime! Alternate follies take the sway; Licentious passions burn:

Which tenfold force give nature's law,. That man was made to mourn.

Look not alone on youthful prime, Or manhood's active might; Man then is useful to his kind, Supported is his right; But see him on the edge of life, With cares and sorrows worn, Then age and want, Oh! ill-match'd

Show man was made to mourn.

A few seem favorites of fate,

In pleasure's lap carest; Yet, think not all the rich and great Are likewise truly blest. But Oh! what crouds in ev'ry land, Are wretched and forlorn ; Thro' weary life this lesson learn,

That man was made to mourn.

Many and sharp the num'rous ills,

Inwoven with our frame! More pointed still we make ourselves, Regret, remorse, and shame! And man, whose heav'n-erected face The smiles of love adorn,

Man's inhumanity to man Makes countless thousands mourn !

See yonder poor, o'erlabour'd wight, So abject, mean, and vile, Who begs a brother of the earth

To give him leave to toil:

And see his lordly fellow-worm

The poor petition spurn, Unmindful tho' a weeping wife And helpless offspring mourn.

If I'm design'd yon lordling's slave, By Nature's law design'd, Why was an independant wish

E'er planted in my mind?

If not, why am I subject to His cruelty or scorn?

Or why has man the will and pow'r To make his fellow mourn?

Yet, let not this too much, my son, Disturb thy youthful breast ; This partial view of human-kind Is surely not the last ! The poor, oppress'd, honest man,

Had never, sure, been born, Had there not been some recompense To comfort those that mourn!

XI. O death! the poor man's dearest friend, The kindest and the best! Welcome the nour my aged limbs Are laid with thee at rest!

The great, the wealthy, fear thy blow, From pomp and pleasure torn; But, Oh! a blest relief to those That weary-laden mourn!

FROM A LATE PUBLICATION.

I am a poor woman, and have, for many years been plagued with a drunken husband, but happily have hit upon a method, by ing through my fields and orchards, I which, I hope, I have cured him; and I beg hereby caution the public against a repewho may be in the like circumstances. The method is this-take a live Eel, put it into a I am determined to prosecute all persons bottle of rum, stop it up close and let it steep thus offending, without discrimination. a few days; then take out the Eel, and let the rum be drank as usual, and the more the

better; if it gives a puke, don't mind that, there is no danger; a few doses of this kind will abate the appetite for rum, and in a short time it will be an object of disgust, rather than of desire. I wish some kind friend to the health and happiness of mankind would contrive to put a few live Eels into every barrel of rum that is sold; it would do infinitely more good than all the excise that is paid to government; which in truth is no thing more than paying for the liberty of de-stroying ourselves and others by poison. Your's, A MARGERY

The surest road to health and long life. Govern your passions-be cheerful-be temperate in all things-never, leave any thing to be done by the stomach which can Young stranger, whither wand'rest be done by the teeth; and never let your teeth do more than your hands. And if you Began the rev'rend sage; Does thirst of wealth thy step constrain, live for an hundred years.—From an eminent Physician.

GREEN HILL FOR SALE.

This Farm lies in Jefferson County Virginia, on the road leading from Charles-town to Shepherds-town, three miles from the former and seven from the latter place, and 5 miles from Harpers-Ferry. It is, in point of fertility and situation, not inferior to any farm in Jefferson County, containing between five and six hundred acres. The owners of this estate, are Mrs. Margaret Moore, Mrs. Sarah Aisquith, of Shepherds-town, and the subscribers. Being desirous of avoiding any disagreement in the division, have agreed to sell the whole. Application may be made to any of the above named per-4 sons for the terms, and a view of the place may be had at any time.

CATO MOORE, JOHN DIXON. Charles-town, July 31.

PROSPECT HILL FOR SALE.

This property lies partly within and partly adjoining Charles-town, in Jefferson County, Virginia, on a beautiful eminence-it has on it two neat and commodious dwellings, with a spacious garden annexed to each, and to one of them about 40 acres of prime farming land. From this situation there is a view over the Town and for several miles of the surrounding Country. It would suit well a professional man, a gentleman of leisure and fortune, or any person who is desirous of a beautiful healthful place, and delights in the culture of the Vine, the Garden, and a little Farm. I will take good bonds, if not long to become due, if money cannot conveniently be had, in payment. Also a valuable water lot containing about an acre of ground, within a few paces of Mr. Worthington's Mill. This lot is well situated for a brewery, tannery, distillery and baths. Nothing but my infirm state of health would induce me to sell this property. I shall have to devote a considerable part of my time and funds in endeavoring to gain in some degree, a resto-ration of my enfeebled limbs. It is probable I shall soon be absent at some watering place, if any person wishing to view the place in order to make a purchase will please apply to my wife living thereon, who is fully authorised by power of attorney to act in my place. The above property will be sold se-parate or together, as may suit the purcha-

JOHN DIXON. July 21. gran at

A Chair Maker Wanted.

THE subscriber wishes to employ a complete chair-maker, one who perfectly understands painting and gilding; he must come well recommended not only as to his professional abilities but also for his sobriety, industry, &c. A single man would be preferred : he will either receive the highest prices for his work, or be admitted as a partner in the business, as may be thought most advantageous to both parties. As an inducement for a person of the above description to make application it is necessary to observe that all the turning is performed by water, the machinery for which is in a large and convenient house on a large and never failing stream of water.

83- A person well acquainted with the turning business, would also meet with employment by applying to the subscriber.

B. BEELER. Mills Grove, 3 miles below) Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va. July 34.

CAUTION.

HAVING received considerable injury from the unlawful practice of persons pass-KITTY CRANE.

July 31.

HALLO! HO!

THE advertising noise has become so great, that it requires some exertion to be heard. Interest leads the world-and as it so, the purchasors at the sale of the property is the interest of the subscribers to sell goods. of Giles Cook, jun. dec'd, will please take no. they propose to make it the interest of pur- tice, that their notes became due on the first chasers to deal with them. They now have of April, and if not paid by the 10th of Aua large store of FRESH GOODS, at Mr. gust, suits will be brought to August Court. Kearsley's corner, in Shepherd's Town, and are selling them remarkably cheap, where the following articles and many others may be had, viz.

Ladies' straw hats and bonnets, fine and coarse, trimmed and untrimmed

Kid and Morocco shoes of all colours Leather shoes, coarse and fine Parasols of newest fashion and umbrelias Jaconett, book and leno muslins Mull mull and fancy do. well assorted Shirting muslins of all kinds Coarse muslins of all descriptions Gown silks of all colours, among which | terms. are white and black sattins superfine

Figured silks in very great variety Silk and damask shawls well assorted Cotton shawls of all colours and sizes Silk and cotton handkerchiefs assorted Calicoes, a very extensive assortment Embossed cambricks of various colours Linen cambricks and cambrick muslins

Silk stockings, black and white Cotton stockings, white, black and slate colours

Silk, beaver and kid gloves, long and short Silk lace 6-4 wide, white, black and green Ribbous, fashionable in great variety Cotton lace and thread, and cotton fringe

assorted Ginghams, good in quality and well assorted

Bombazines and bombazetts all colours Black goods for mourning in great variety Feather fans neatly assorted

Domestic cottons of all kinds Nankeens, long and short pieces Morocco hats, red, green and black Men's Lieghorn hats and suspenders Blue broad cloths, an elegant assortment Other fashionable cloths in great variety Cassimeres, cassinetts and Florentines

Waistcoat patterns assorted Velvets, Velverets and Corduroys Stockingnetts and Bennett's Cords Irish linens, Diapers and Towelling Ticklenburgs, Burlaps and Oznaburgs Cotton yarn, boss and floss cotton Bedtickings, counterpanes and checks White, red and yellow flannels Sweeping, scrubbing and shoe brushes Queen's, China, a large assortment China in complete sets and single

Plated, lustered and Japan'd ware Wire and hair meal sifters Looking glasses and flowered paper Chewing tobacco, snuff and Spanish se-

A variety of school and other books Writing paper, ink powder and pencils Candlesticks, Iron, Brass and plated Spades, Shovels, strap iron, and steel Waldron's best cradling scythes Bedstead caps, castors, and screws Desk and Bureau locks and mounting

Iron rimed knob locks and latches Double and single plane bits, chissels and

Knives and forks, penknives and razors and a great variety of other hardware, Loaf, lump and brown sugars Coffee and Teas assorted

Wines and Spirits, French brandy, Gin and Whisky

Common rum, and bottled porter Sugar House and Havanah molasses Best London white lead ground in oil Flaxseed oil, and dry paints assorted Coffee mills, sad irons, and currycombs Frying pans, bed cords, and hat covers Pepper, Allspice, Nutmegs and Ginger Allum, Copperas, Indigo and Madder Candles, soap, salts, Leë's Pills, Laudanum, Godfrey's cordial peppermint

and other medicines. With a vast variety of other things too te-

dious to mention. KEARSLEY & DAVENPORT. Shepherds-Town, July 4.

PREPARE TO PAY

your Taxes in Virginia chartered paper, or specie.

THE subscribers will commence collectng the Taxes for the County of Jefferson, on the 1st day of July next, and as the Treasury Department of the state will receive no ther but notes of the Chartered Banks of Virginia, or specie, in payment of the Public Revenue-all persons concerned are requested to be prepared with the above money, as no other can be received by us. WILLIAM LITTLE,

JOHN B. HENRY, Dep. Sh. for Van Rutherford.

THE SUBSCRIBER

June 19.

Informs the public that he has opened a house of public entertainment in Charles Town, Jefferson county, Virginia, at the old and noted stand, formerly owned and kept by Thomas Flagg, on the main street, at the sign of

WILKINSON'S INN. He is plentifully supplied with all necessaries for the comfortable accommodation of those who may patronise him.

THOMAS WILKINSON. July 3

Last Notice. THOSE who made purchases at the sale June 26. JOHN ABELL.

Thomas S. Bennett & Co. HAVE commenced the Mercantile business in Shepherd's-Town, opposite Messrs. Sel-by & Swearingen's. They have a very general and extensive assortment of

SEASONABLE GOODS.

they offer for sale on very accommodating THEY HAVE

Irish Linens and Sheetings Elegant diaper and damask table Linens Linen Cambricks, Kentings Cambrick, Jaconet, Leno, Book and Mull Muslins, unusually cheap

India Muslins Elegant plain and satin striped Muslins Fancy Muslins of various descriptions Ginghams, and Seersuckers Ladies and gentlemen's silk and cotton

Hose kid Gloves, Silk Gloves,

Superb laventine Shawls and Handker. chiefs, richly figured and plain Love Handkerchiefs Italian and Canton Crapes of various co-

lours Laventines, Satins, and Double Florences, black and other colours Thread, Silk and Cotton Laces Superfine Cloths and Kersimers Second quality Cloths and Kersimers Florentine and Marseilles Vestings White Counterpanes

Russia Sheetings Twill'd Bagging Ticklenburg Home-made Linen Plated Bridle Bits and Stirrip Irons A large assortment of Saddlery China, Glass and Queen's Ware.

A few elegant sets of plated Castors Cheap Groceries and Liquors Hardware and Cutlery Waldron's double prime Cradling and Gruss Scythes Long's Sickles, &c. &c. &c. May 30.___

Wool. Carding Machine. THE subscriber respectfully informs his former customers and the public generally, that his WOOL CARDING MACHINES at Mr. Beeler's Fulling Mill, will be removed to Mr. Daniel Kable's Mill, formerly owned by John Lyons, on Bullskin, and will be in operation about the 25th of this month. The above Machines will be managed by an experienced hand, and every attention paid to render general satisfaction. They are supplied with cards of the first quality, and will, with the attention which they will have, insure as good work to customers as any other machines in this, or the adjoining counties. It will be necessary for wool sent to the above machines to be well prepared, as it will be an advantage to the carding.

The price for carding wool into rolls eight cents per pound. JAMES WALKER. Avon Mills, May 22.

W. & J. LANE, Have just received a very general assort-

cleated from the latest importations, which

Ladies and gentlemen's white and black

ment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

which have been carefully selected for cash. from the late arrivals this spring. They invite those who wish to purchase remarkable cheap goods to call and view their assortment, which consists in part of very cheap Irish Linens, Dowlas and Diaper, Cambrick and Mull Muslins, Dimities, Double Florence and Laventine Silks, rich Silk Shawls, Bandano, Barcelona and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk and Cotton Hosiery. Shirting Cottons, Calicoes and Chintzes, Marseilles and other Waistcoating, Plain and Ribb'd Stockinetts, elegant London Saxony Cloths, Casimeres, Parasols and Silk Umbrellas, Ladies fashionable Straw Bonnetts and Shoes, Bedticking and German Linens, Knives and Forks, Pen Knives. Waldron's Cradling and Grass Scythes. Seythe Stones, Flax Hackles, Strap Iron, Crowley and German Steel, Queens, Glass and China Ware, Susquehana Shad and

Herrings, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Molasses, sweet Oranges, Almonds, Raisins, Philberts, and Walnuts, Spirits and Brandy Port and other Wines, Wrought and Cut Nails, Patent and other Medicines, Paints and Oil-all of which; having been well bought, are now offered at very reduced prices for cash, or on a short credit to punc-

Charles-Town, June 12.

tual customers.

Apprentices Indentures FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE. THE CONSTITUTION OF

THE STATE OF INDIANA.

No paper will be discontinued (but at the) the territory of Indiana, in convention met ted: and shall not be compelled to give the United States, the ordinance of congress writ of habeas compus shall not be suspend- establishments on the coast of Africa. for which they are to be inserted, designated, of or e thousand seven hundred and eighty ed, unless in case of rebellion or invasion will be continued until forbid, and charged seven, and the law of congress entitled "an the public safety may require it. act to enable the people of the Indiana ter- Sec. 15. Excessive bail shall not be reritory to form a constitution and state go- quired, excessive fines shall not be imposed. vernment, and for the admission of such , nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted. state into the union on an equal footing with | Sec. 16. All penalties shall be in properthe original states," in order to establish jus- | tion to the nature of the offence. tice, promote the welfare, and secure the | Sec. 17. The person of a debtor, where blessings of liberty to ourselves and our pos- | there is not strong presumption of fraud, THE advertising noise has become so terity, do ordain and establish the following , shall not be continued in prison after delivergreat, that it requires some exertion to be constitution or form of government; and do ing up his estate for the benefit of his creditor heard. Interest leads the world—and as it | mutually agree with each other to form our- | or creditors, in such a manner as shall be preselves into a free and independent state, by scribed by law.

ARTICLE 1.

Sec. 1. That the general, great, and es-Kearsley's corner, in Shepherd's Town, and | sential principles of liberty and free governare selling them remarkably cheap, where ment may be recognized and unalterably esthe following articles and many others may tablished, WE DECLARE, that all men are born equally free and independent, and have Ladies' straw hats and bonnets, fine and certain natural, inherent and unalienable rights: among which are the enjoyment and defending life and liberty, and of acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and pursuing and obtaining happiness and safety.

Scc. 2. That all power is inherent in the people; and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness,-For the advancement of these ends, they have at all times an unalienable and indefeasible right + but in a manner to be prescribed by law. to alter or reform their government in such manner as they may deem proper.

Sec. 3. That all men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship almighty God according to the dictates of their conscience-, that no man shall be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship, or to shall not be prohibited. maintain any ministry against his consent: that no human authority can, in any case ments on the rights herein retained, we dewhatever, control or interfere with the Silk, beaver and kid gloves, long and short rights of conscience: and that no preference cepted out of the general powers of govern-Silk lace 6-4 wide, white, black and green | shall ever be given by law to any religious | Ribbons, fashionable in great variety societies. or modes of worship; and no religious test shall be required as a qualification to any office of trust or profit. Sec. 1. That elections shall be free and

sorted Bombazines and bombazetts all colours Black goods for mourning in great variety Net in controversy shall exceed 20 dollars, Black goods for mourning in great variety equal and in all criminal cases, except in petit diciary to another; and no person, or collecmisdemeanors, which shall be punishable by fine only, not exceeding three dollars, in such manner as the legislature may prescribe by law, the right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate.

Sec. 6. That no power of suspending the operation of the laws shall be exercised, except by the legislature or its authority.

Sec. 7. That no man's particular services shall be demanded, or property taken or applied to public use, without the consent of his representatives, or without a just compensation being made therefor.

Sec. 8. The rights of the people to be secuts in their persons, houses, papers, and gular sailing and fast trading ship Pacific, effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no war- which port she left on the 1st of July. rant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by eath or affirmation, and par- have received by this arrival, London pa. The insurrection is said to have been put ticularly describing the place to be search-ed, and the persons or things to be seized. Derived at Tunis, later than bef re received) and a Lloyd's but a body of the Turkish soldiers, to the Sec. 9. That the printing presses shall be | List of the 21st of June. The following ex- amount of 700, having seized on the Goletfree to every person who undertakes to ex- tracts comprise every article of interest they. amine the proceedings of the legislature, or | contain. any branch of government ; and no law shall he m de to restrain the right thereof. The at Liverpool. Cotton 16 to 18 pence. free communication of thoughts and opinions is one of the invaluable rights of man; and every citizen may freely speak, write and print, on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty.

Sec. 10. In prosecutions for the publication of papers investigating the official con duct of officers or men in a public capacity. or where the matter published is proper for the public information, the truth thereof may be given in evidence: and in all indictments for libels, the jury shall have a righ to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the court, as in other cases.

Sec. 11. That all courts shall be open, or delay.

impeachment.

tions, the accused hath a right to be heard Trowbridge. by himself and counsel, to demand the na.... The chancellor of the exchequer has apture and cause of the accusation against him, pointed Thursday next to receive the bid- Cheltenham Gazette, that there has been

nesses fice to face, to have compulsory pro- | ing for the new lottery.

Sec. 13. No ex-post facto law, nor any law impairing the validity of contracts, small ever be made, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood, nor the forfeiture of estate

Sec. 19. That the people have a right to assemble together, in a peaceable manner, to consult for their common good, to instruct representatives, and to apply to the legislature for a redress of grievances. Sec. 20. That the people have a right to bear arms for the defence of themselves, and the state; and that the military shall be kept in strict subordination to the civil'

Sce 21. That no soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war,

Sec. 22. The legislature shall not grant any title of nobility, or hereditary distinctions. nor create any office, the appointment to which shall be for a longer term than good behaviour.

Sec. 23. That emigration from the state Sec. 24. To Guard against any encroach

ment, and shall forever remain inviolable. ARTICLE 11.

The powers of the government of Indiana shall be divided into three distinct departments, & each of them be confided to a sepation of persons, being of one of those departments, shall exercise any power properly at- than half the price last wintertached to either of the others except in the instances herein expressly permitted.

of the Government.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, August 10.

Last evening arrived at this port, the recapt. Browne, in 33 days from Liverpool, The editors of the Mercantile Advertiser

American produce was still on the decline LONDON, JUNE 23.

Yesterday morning arrived at Portsot sloop of war, on that station.

We regret to find, from the following exturbances have broken out in Wiltshire. Bristol Mirror Office.?

Saturday morning, 2 o'clock.

and every person for an injury done him, in | was alarmed by the sound of the bugle of the | escaped the massacre, and immediately on his lands, goods, person or reputation, shall 55th regiment, and ringing of bells. On regaining their liberty, took to flight. have remedy by the due course of law: and enquiry, we learnt that a magistrate of the The Bath and Cheltenham Gazette of right and justice administered without denial county of Wiltz, had arrved express from Wednesday, contains the following para-Trowbridge, for assistance, a mob of more graph:-Sec. 12. That no person arrested or con- than 3,000 persons having yesterday collectfined in jail, shall be treated with unneces- ed at that place, setting the civil powers at are sorry to learn, that the report of a dissary rigor, or he put to answer any criminal defiance. They had already destroyed two charge but by presentment, indictment or or three factories. The troops assembled with alacrity, and in one hour and an half Sec. 13. That in all criminal prosecu- two companies were on their march for the employment of some newly established

and to have a copy thereof; to meet the wit- 1 dings of the gentlemen who intend contractcess for obtaining witnesses in his favor; _ It is generally believed that marshal Soult, Adopted in Convention, at Corydon on the and in prosecutions by indictment or pre- who had previously taken up his residence in 20th day of June, 1816, and of the Inde-pendence of the U. States the fortieth. We, the representatives of the people of which the offence shall have been commit-We, the representatives of the people of which the offence shall have been commit-

Bristol Journal. ption of the Editory until arrearages are at Corydon, on Monday the 10th day of evidence against himself, nor shall be twice Paris papers of the 22d (Saturday) have June. in the year of our Lord 1816, and of | be put in jeopardy for the same offence. | just arrived. A French squadron, consist-Advertisements not exceeding a square. | the Independence of the United States, the | Sec. 1k. That all persons shall be bailable | ing of the Medusa frigate, the Echo corvetthe inserted three weeks for one dollar, fortieth, having the right of admission into by sufficient sureities, unless for capital of te, the Loire, and the Argus brigs, sailed in the diserved *three* weeks for one donar, the general government, as a member of the fences, when the proof is evident, or the on the 17th from the Isle of Aix for the union, consistent with the constitution of presumption great; and the privilege of the Senegal, to take possession of the French

LONDON; JUNE 26. A Hamburg mail arrived this morning, with papers to the 22d instant. Prince Blucher has arrived at Carlsbad. He appears to be in a very bad state of health .--Accounts received by way of Trieste from Egypt, state that the plague had broken out with great violence at Alexandria and Cairo. We received from New-York, papers to the 1st instant.

The house of commons adjourned last night until Monday; and as the remaining

ed of in the interval, it is expected that the parliament will be prorogued on Tuesday or Wednesday

Last night, in the house of commons, Mr. Ponsonby enquired of the chancellor of the exchequer, whether he apprehended any necessity, in a financial point of view, of summoning-parliament before Christmas? In answer, Mr. Vansittart stated, that as the meeting of parliament depended on a variety of contingencies which could not easily be anticipated, it was impossible to inform the house as to the precise period when it might be necessary to require their attendance; but as far as the finances of the country were concerned, he felt no difficulty in avowing that the ways and means aiready votedwould be adequate to meet the public expenditure until after Christmas. Emigration from Switztrland increases. It is attributed to want of employment among the poor, in consequence of the in-troduction of English machinery into the

manufactories. The king of Spain has issued a decree, complaining that the naval service suffers in consequence of the Spanish sailors leaving their vessels when in fogeign ports, and entering into foreign service, and therefore directing that every captain of a Spanish vessel shall, on his return to Spain, account for the whole crew with which he sailed

from home. A strong hoar frost prevaded the counties

crop of 'apples is expected: But cider is down below 50s. a hhd.; -somewhat more This morning we received the Paris papers of the 25th inst. They contain a royal \$7-The remainder of the Constitution de- ordinance, which in honor to the duke of fines the powers, &c. of the three branches | Berry's marriage, remits the fines and confiscations which had fallen to the king in consequence of the late political events. We have extracted from them some further particulars of the insurrection at Tunis, which appears to have been planned and exacuted by the Turkish soldiers only .- One ... account represents it as a political enterprise, the result of individual ambition. while another considers it as an ebullition of their displeasure at the late treaty, concludad between the dey and lord Exmouth. ta, a fort which is considered the key of Tunis, pillaged the Christians and Jews settied there, and embarked on board of five strong vessels for Italy or the Levant. We trust that our fleet will not be institutive to their proceedings. This insurrection took place on the 30th of April, and continued for mouth, the Mediterranean fleet, under the only two days, so that we must consider it command of admiral lord Exmouth, consist- | as unconnected with the proceedings at Boing of six sail of the line, two frigates and na, which occurred on Ascension Day, May three brigs, forming the whole of our navy | 27. A vessel from Bona, which arrived on on the war establishment, excepting the Pi- the 26th at Biserta, a small town on the coast of Africa, in the regency of Tunis, conveyed the intelligence that 60 Christians tract from a Bristol paper, that serious dis- fell at Bona, and about nine hundred were thrown into irons, and threatened with death. They were, however, afterwards released, as it would appear, by the exer-About 1 o'clock this morning, our city | tions of the English consul, who fortunately

The times of this morning says-"We turbance at Trowbridge, was not wholly without foundation. The object of the ill disposed was to shew their hostility against machinery for dressing kerseymeres" We regret to find, from the Bath and

FARMER'S REPOSITORY. CHARLES-TOW-N, (Jefferson Gounty, Kirginia,) PRINTLD BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1816.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER. THE price of the FARMER'S REPORTORY Theo Doll ars a year, one dollar to be paid

the time of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance.

Vol. IX.7

he without having the number of times precordingly.

11- All communications to the Editor must be post paid:

HALLO! HO!

is the interest of the subscribers to sell goods, they propose to make it the interest of gur | the name of the state of Indiana. chasers to deal with them. They now have a large store of FRESH GOODS, at Mr.

coarse, trimmed and untrimmed Kid and Morocco shoes of all colours

Parasols of newest fashion and umbrellas Jaconett, book and leno muslins Mull mull and fancy do. well assorted

are white and black sattins superfine ____

colours

Cotton lace and thread, and cotton fringe assorted

Domestic cottons of all kinds Nankeens, long and short pieces Morocco hats, red, green and black Blue broad cloths, an elegant assortment Other fashionable cloths in great variety Cassimeres, cassinett; and Florentines

Velvets, Velverets and Cordurovs Stockingnetts and Bennett's Corda Irish linens. Diapers and Towelling Ticklenburgs, Burlaps and Oznaburgs . Cotton varn, boss and floss cotton Bedtickings, counterpanes and checks White, red and yellow flannels Sweeping, scrubbing and shoe brushes Queen's, China, a large assortment-China in complete sets and single Plated, lastered and Japan'd ware Wive and hair meal sifters

Looking glasses and flowered paper Chewing tobacco, snuff and Spanish se-

gars A variety of school and other books Writing paper, ink powder and pencils Candlesticks, Iron. Brass and plated Spades, Shovels, strap iron, and steel Waldron's best cradling scythes / Bedstead caps. castors, and screws Desk and Bureau locks and mounting. Iron rimed knob locks and latches Double and single plane bits, chissels and gouges

Knives and forks, penknives and razors and a great variety of other hardware, Loaf, lump and brown sugars Coffee and Teas assorted

Wines and Spirits, French brandy, Gin and Whisky Common rum, and bottled porter-

Sugar House and Havanah molasses Best London white lead ground in oil Flaxseed oil, and dry paints assorted Coffee mills, sad irons, and currycombs. Frying pans, bed cords, and hat covers Pepper, Allspice, Nutmegs and Ginger Allum, Copperas, Indigo and Maduer Candles, soap, salts. Lee's Pills. Laudanum, Godfrey's cordial peppermint and other medicines,

With a vast variety of other things too tedious to mention. KEARSLEY & DAVENPORT.

Shepherds Town, July 1

be had, viz. Leather shoes, coarse and tine Shirting muslins of all kinds

Coarse muslins of all descriptions Gown silks of all colours, among which Figured silks in very great variety Silk and damask shaw s well assorted Cotton shawis of all colours and sizes Silk and cotton handkerchiefs assorted Calicoes, a very extensive assortment Embossed cambricks of various colours Linen cambricks and cambrick muslins Silk stockings, black and white Cotton stockings, white, black and slate

Ginghams, good in quality and well as-

sorted Men's Leghorn hats and suspenders

Waistcoat patterns assorted

JUEE 27.

business of the lords will be probably dispos-